

Brackish Groundwater in the Gulf Coast Aquifer, Lower Rio Grande Valley, Texas

by John Meyer, P.G.

3rd Rio Grande Valley Water Awareness Summit December 5, 2014



The following presentation is based upon professional research and analysis within the scope of the Texas Water Development Board's statutory responsibilities and priorities but, unless specifically noted, does not necessarily reflect official Board positions or decisions.

Source: TWDB General Counsel

Why did we study the Lower Rio Grande Valley?

- Population will more than double in the next 50 years
 1.7 to 3.9 million people
- Municipal water demand will more than double in the next 50 years 260,000 to 581,000 acre-feet per year
- Brackish groundwater use will more than quadruple in next 50 years 20,000 to 92,000 acre-feet per year
- Highest density of desalination plants in Texas
 7 existing brackish groundwater desalination plants

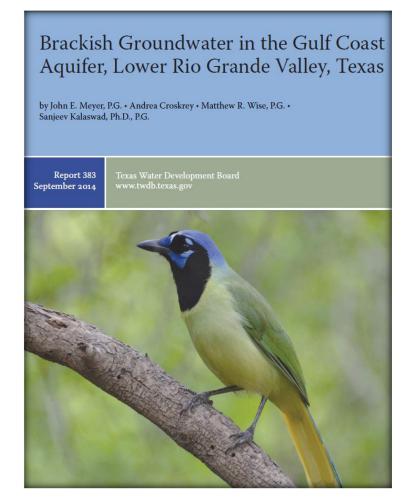
Plans for additional 23 brackish groundwater desalination projects



What did we produce?

Published report

- GIS Datasets
- BRACS Database
- Well logs



The real value is in the data:

Stakeholders can use this to evaluate potential groundwater exploration areas.



Where do you obtain the report and data? www.twdb.texas.gov





Home	Finan	cial Assist	ance W	Vater Planning	Flood	Groundwater	Surface Water	Conservation	Innovative Water	Publications	SWIFT
Introd	uction	ASR	BRACS	Desalination	on R	ainwater Harvesti	ng Water Rei	ıse	6) (e		

Project Reports

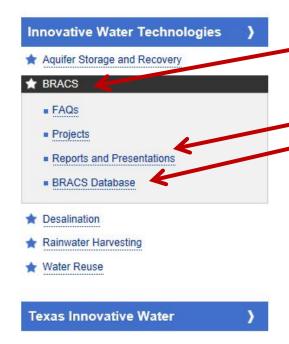
Brackish Groundwater in the Gulf Coast Aquifer, Lower Rio Grande Valley, Texas

September 2014 | John E. Meyer, P.G., Andrea Croskrey, Matthew R. Wise, P.G., and Sanjeev Kalaswad, Ph.D., P.G.

The report presents information on the brackish groundwater resources of the Gulf Coast Aquifer in the Lower Rio Grande Valley, Texas, within Cameron, Hidalgo, Willacy, and eastern Starr counties. The study area is within the Rio Grande (Region M) Regional Water Planning Area and Groundwater Management Area 16. Water well information and geophysical well logs were used to map the three-dimensional extent of brackish groundwater salinity zones. The study area contains approximately 40 million acre feet of slightly saline groundwater (1,000 to 3,000 milligrams per liter total dissolved solids), 112 million acre-feet of moderately saline groundwater (3,000 to 10,000 milligrams per liter total dissolved solids), and 123 million acre-feet of very saline groundwater (10,000 to 35,000 milligrams per liter total dissolved solids).

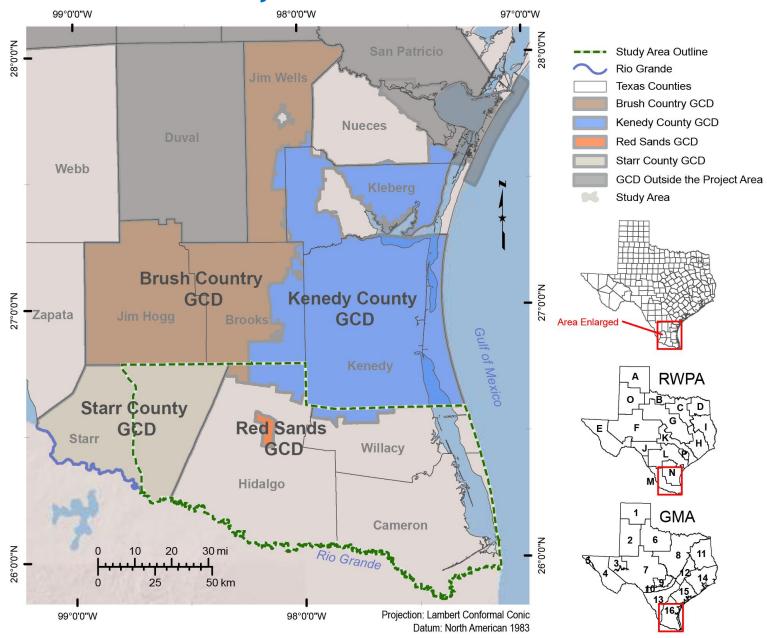
The methodology used to prepare and assess this information is described in various sections of this report. The GIS datasets are described in the report appendix and are available on this website in a format that has been compressed with the WinZip utility.

- Brackish Groundwater in the Gulf Coast Aquifer, Lower Rio Grande Valley, Texas, September 2014(36.8 MB)
- Qulf Coast Aquifer GIS Datasets (127.0 MB)





Where is the study area?





What were the study objectives?

- Collect water well reports and oil/gas geophysical well logs
- Compile all data into BRACS Database
- Map salinity areas (2-dimensional) with a unique vertical salinity profile
- Create 3-dimensional salinity zone GIS datasets
- Map sand and clay layers within the Gulf Coast Aquifer
- Determine volumes of brackish groundwater
- Water quality parameter maps
- Aquifer property maps
- Study deliverables: Report, database, GIS datasets, and well logs

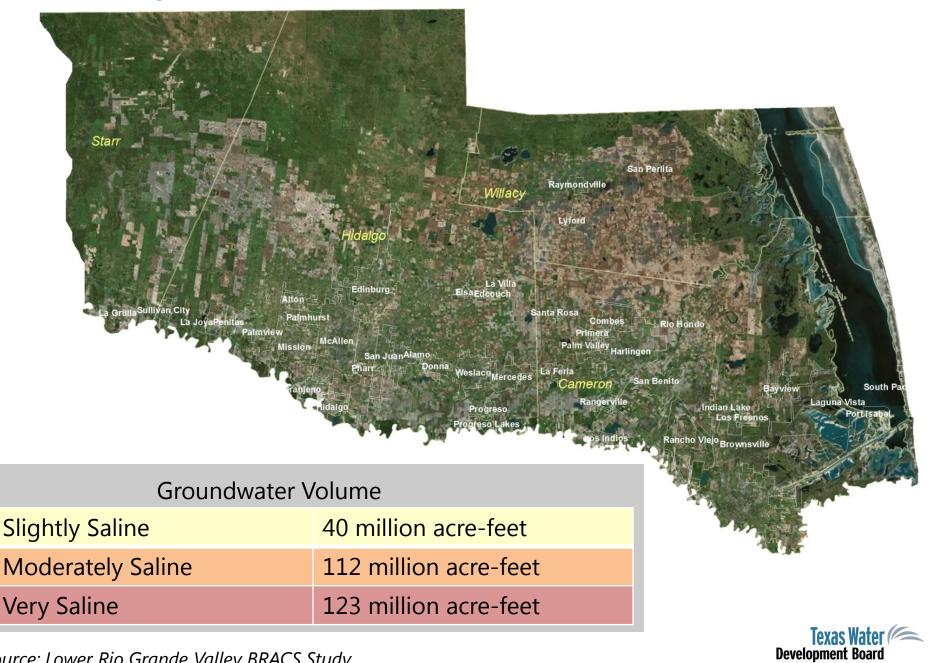


Groundwater Salinity Classification

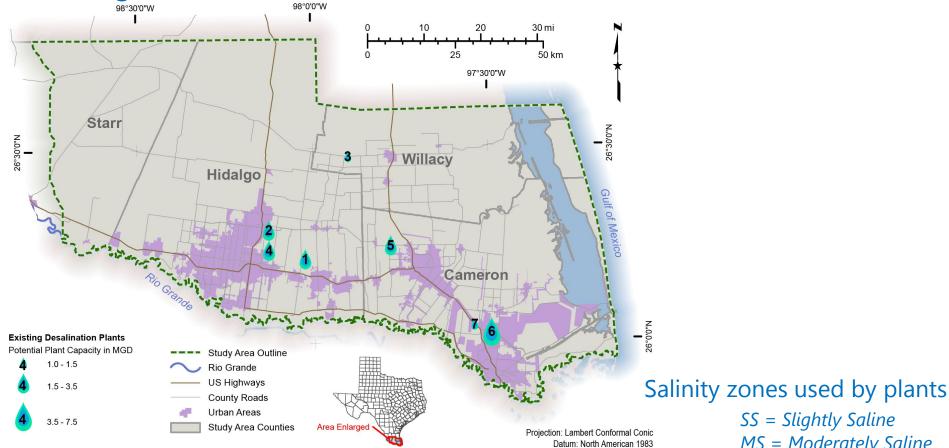
Groundwater Salinity Classification	Salinity Zone Code	Total Dissolved Solids Concentration (units: milligrams per liter)	
Fresh	FR	0 to 1,000	Drinking Water
Slightly Saline	SS	1,000 to 3,000	Limit
Moderately Saline	MS	3,000 to 10,000	Major/Minor Aquifer Mapped Limit
Very Saline	VS	10,000 to 35,000	← Seawater
Brine	BR	Greater than 35,000	Seawater



How much groundwater is there?



Existing Desalination Plants



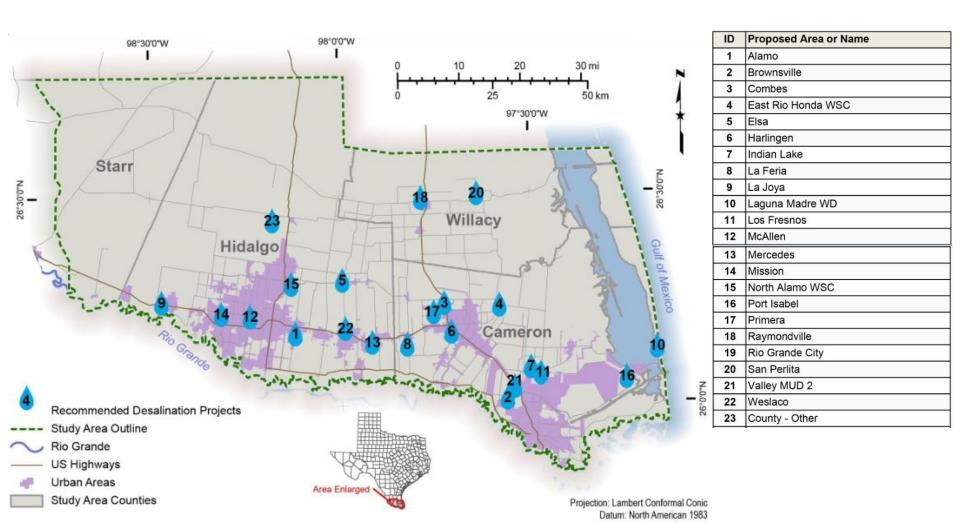
_			
ID	Plant Name	Potential Plant Capacity (MGD)	
1	North Alamo Water Supply Corporation (Donna)	2.25	
2	North Alamo Water Supply Corporation (Doolittle)	3.50	
3	North Alamo Water Supply Corporation (Lasara)	1.20	
4	North Alamo Water Supply Corporation (Owassa)	2.00	
5	North Cameron/Hidalgo WA	2.50	
6	Southmost Regional Water Authority	7.50	
7	Valley MUD #2	1.00	

SS = Slightly Saline *MS* = *Moderately Saline*

MS Deep SS Deep and MS Deep SS Deep SS Deep MS Deep SS Deep MS Deep

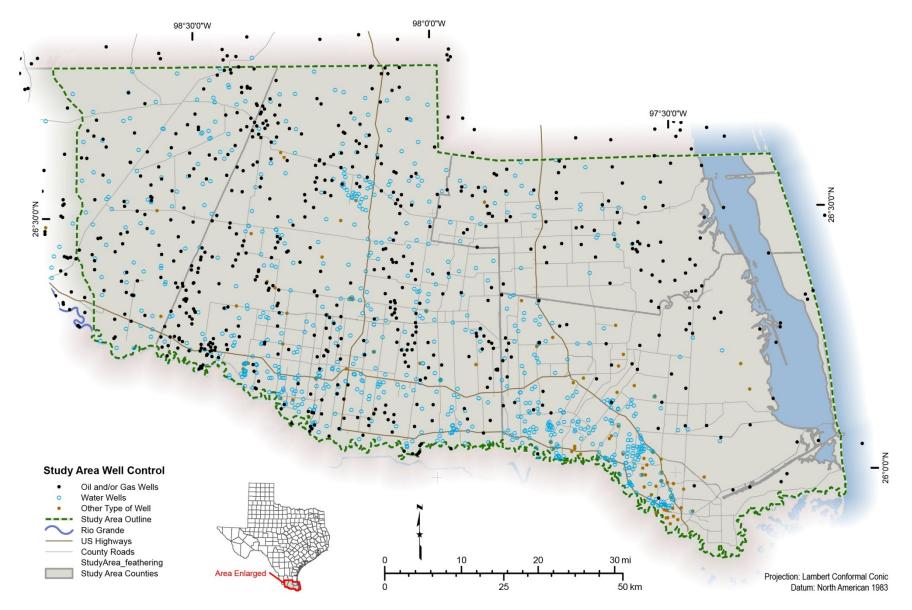


Recommended Desalination Plants





Well Control: oil/gas and water wells





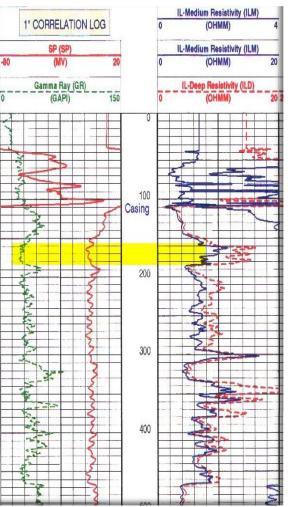
Water Well Logs

ATTENTION OWNER: Confidentiality	STATE OF TEXAS	
Privilege Notice on Reverse Side 1) OWNER: MERCEDES, CITY OF ADDRES		Y: MERCEDES STATE: TX ZIP: 78570-
2) ADDRESS OF WELL SEE ATTACHE	ED MAP GRID #	5)
		į
,	PROPOSED USE: PUBLIC SUPPLY	
	Public Supply well, were plans sub DLE : 7) DRILLING METHOD:	
DIAMETER FROM	TO ;	
DATE DRILLING: 40 0 STARTED: 05/06/96 30 48	48 HUD ROTARY	GRAVEL PACKED : H
COMPLETED: 05/30/96 : CASING, BLANK PIPE, AND MELL SCREEN DATA:	(CONTINUED ON NEXT DACE)	FROM FI. TO FI.
DIA NEW/USED DESCRIPTION	FROM TO GAGE CASING SCREEN	
36 N STEEL CASING 16 N STEEL CASING	0 48 .375 0 215 .375	
16 N STAINLESS ST. SCREEN	215 255 .025	
16 N STEEL CASING 16 N STAINLESS ST. SCREEN	255 273 .0375 273 335 .025	
16 N STEEL CASING	335 365 .375	
GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION:	1	9) CEMENTING DATA: Cemented from No. of Sacks Used
FROM TO DESCRIPTION		0 FT. TO 180 FT. 750
0 10 SURFACE SOIL 10 35 HARD BROWN SAND W/SMALL GRAVEL		FT. TO FT. Method used: TRIMMY LINE
35 50 RED SHALE		Cemented by: RICHARDSON WATER WEL
50 175 BROWN SAND FINE 175 215 RED SHALE		Distance to septic field lines: ft. Method of verification of above distance:
215 255 MEDIUM COURSE RED SAND		AN DURENCE COMPLETION
255 273 SANDY SHALE 273 335 COURSE RED SAND GRAVEL		10) SURFACE COMPLETION: SURFACE SLAB INST.
335 365 SANDY SHALE		11) WATER LEVEL:
365 395 MEDIUM COURSE RED SAND 395 400 SANDY SHALE		STATIC LEVEL : 32 FT. DATE: 05/30/96
	-	12) PACKERS: TYPE DEPTH
	4) UPLL TOOT	
13) TYPE PUMP: TURBINE	4) WELL TEST: PUMP	
DEPTH TO PUMP: 140	YIELD: 1400 GPM WITH 48 FT D	RANDONN AFTER 36 HRS
15) WATER QUALITY:		
TYPE OF WATER: GOOD MO STRATA OF UNDESIRABLE WATER PENETR	DEPTH OF STRATA: ATED	CHEMICAL AMALYSIS MADE
	WATER WELL DRILLER'S LICENSE NO.:	
ADDRESS: 808 LINCOLN CITY: A	LICE STATE: TX ZIP COD	E: 78332 WELL NO
	*	
	LIEF. I UNDERSTAND THAT FAILURE T	IND THAT EACH AND ALL OF THE STATEMENTS HEREIN O COMPLETE ITEMS 1 THRU 15 WILL RESULT IN THE
(signed)	(signed)	:*
(LICENSED WATER WELL DRI		(REGISTERED DRILLER TRAINEE)

- Geology (sand, clay, ... depositional environment)
- Well screen
- Aquifer productivity
- Water quality
- Static water level



What is a Geophysical Well Log?



A tool or combination of tools lowered into a borehole on a wireline and retrieved to the surface.

Also known as: electrical logging; wireline logging.

Logs must be corrected for a number of parameters.

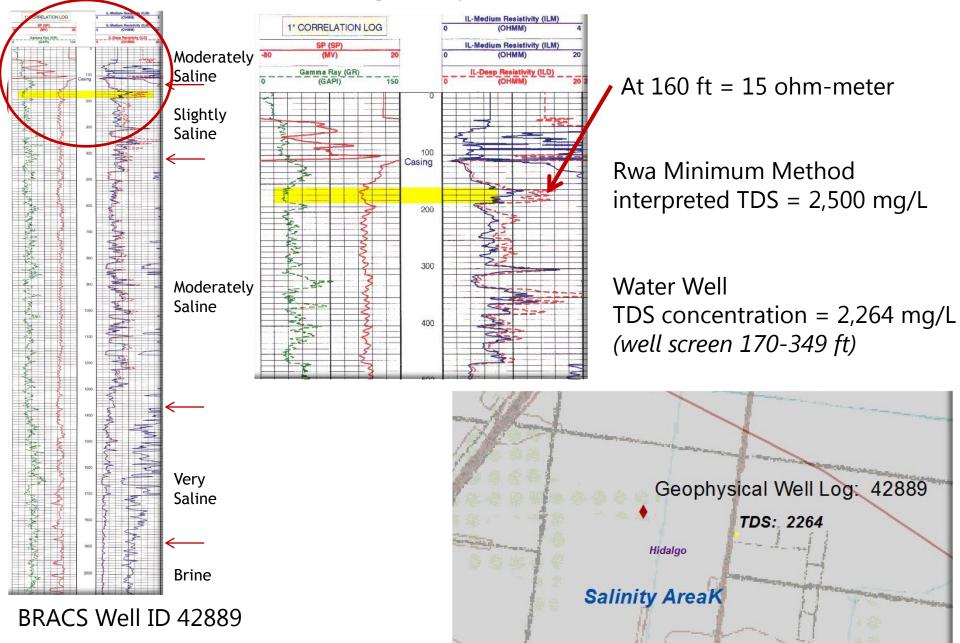
Tool response recorded in left and right tracks.

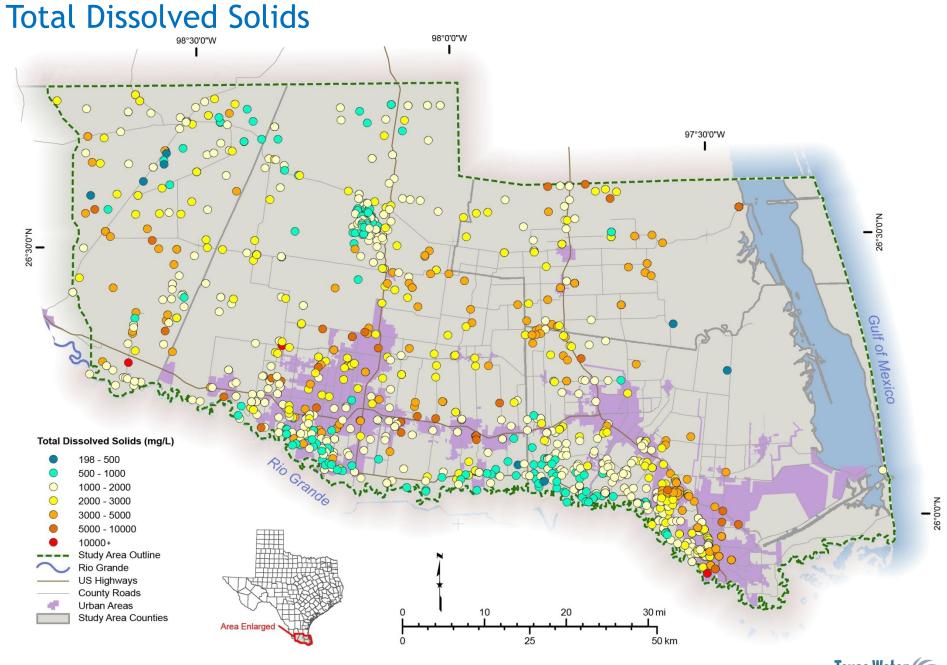
Logs can be used to evaluate the entire aquifer, whereas data from water wells typically ends at the base of fresh to slightly saline water zones



Source: BRACS program

Log Analysis



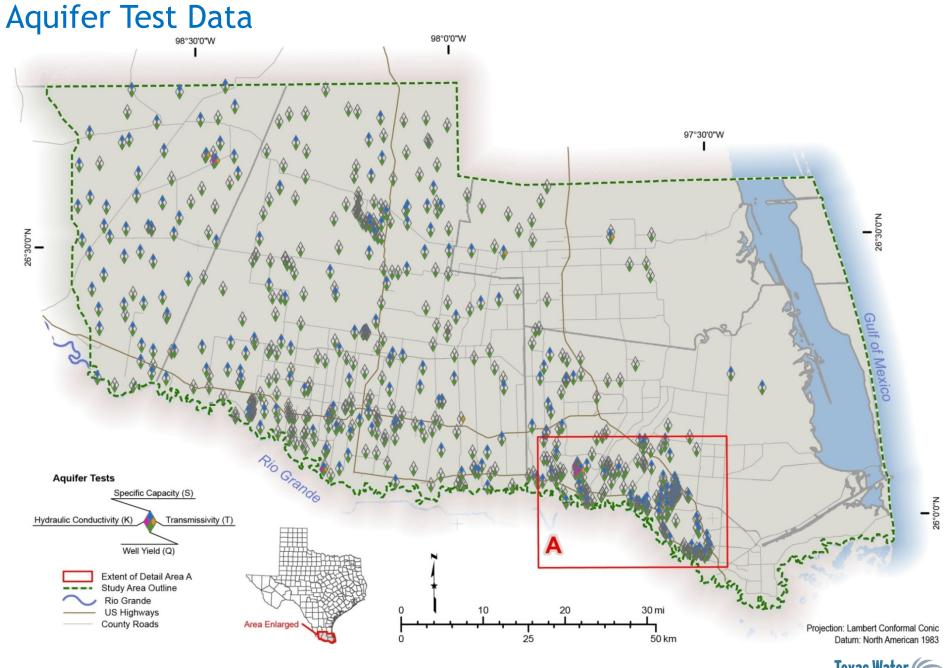


Texas Water

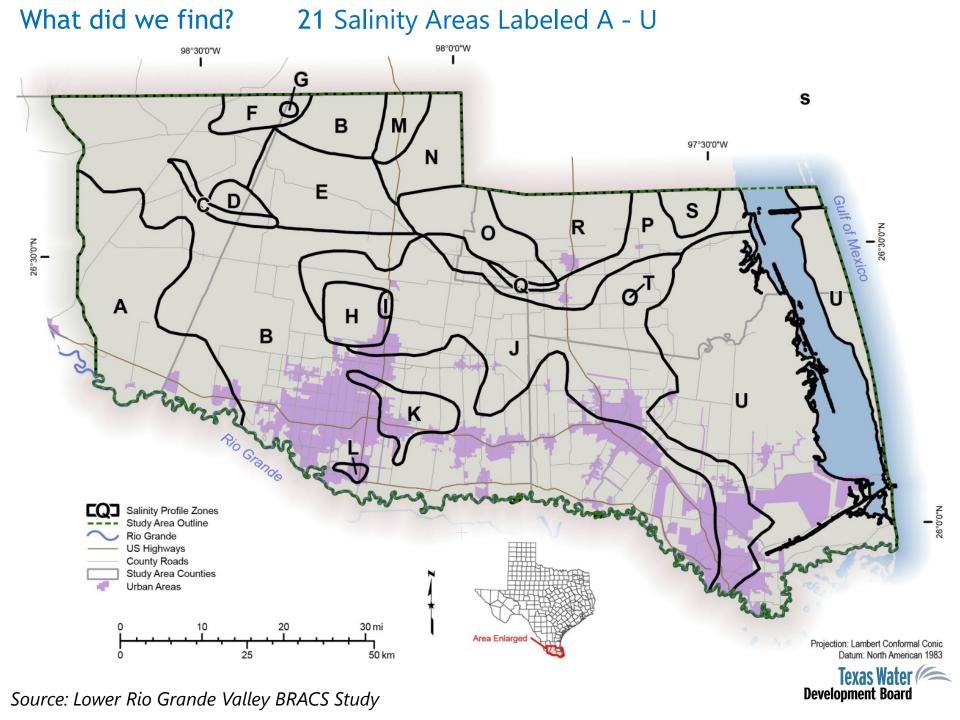
Development Board

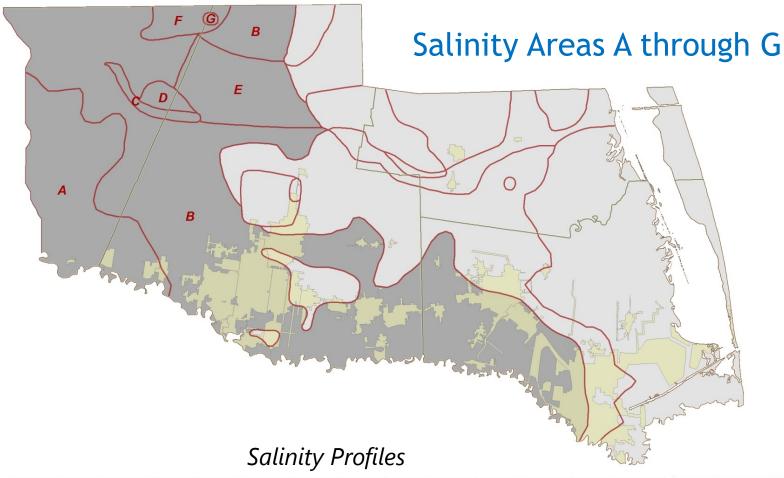
Arsenic 98°0'0"W 98°30'0"W 97°30'0"W 26°30'0"N Arsenic (mg/L) 0.01 0.01 - 0.02 0.02 - 0.030.03 - 0.050.05 - 0.09 Study Area Outline Rio Grande US Highways County Roads Urban Areas 30 mi Study Area Counties Area Enlarged 50 km







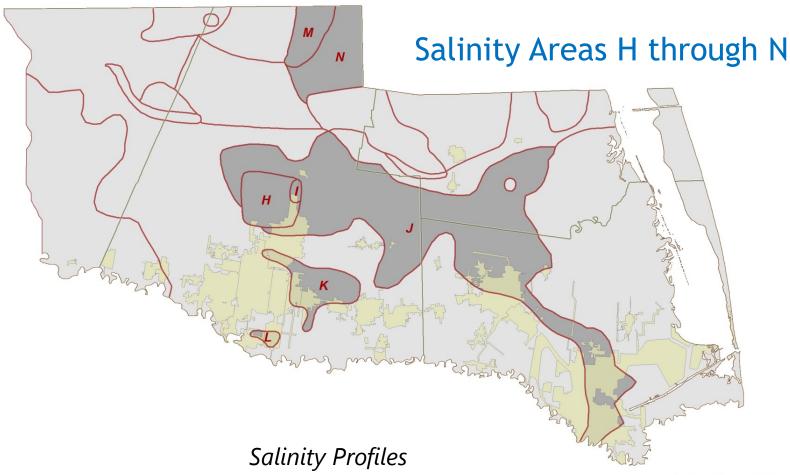




A	В	С	D	E	F	G
				SS Shallow 2		VS Shallow 1
		MS Shallow 5		MS Intermediate	MS Shallow 4	MS Shallow 4
	SS Deep	SS Deep		SS Deep	SS Deep	SS Deep
MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep
VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep
BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep

Groundwater Salinity	Total Dissolved Solids
Classification	Concentration
	(units: milligrams per liter)
Fresh	0 to 1,000
Slightly Saline	1,000 to 3,000
Moderately Saline	3,000 to 10,000
Very Saline	10,000 to 35,000
Brine	Greater than 35,000

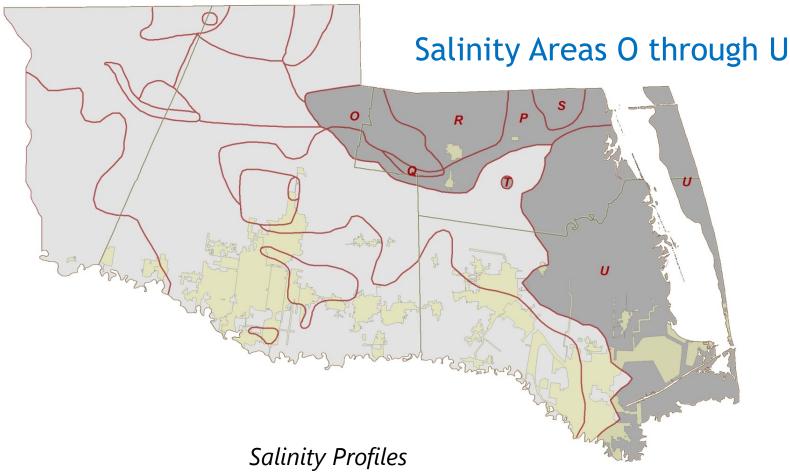




H	I	J	K	L	M	N
	VS Shallow 3			SS Shallow 1	VS Shallow 2	
MS Shallow 2	MS Shallow 2		MS Shallow 1	MS Intermediate 2	MS Intermediate	MS Intermediate
SS Intermediate	SS Intermediate		SS Deep	SS Deep	SS Deep	SS Deep
MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep
VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep
BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep

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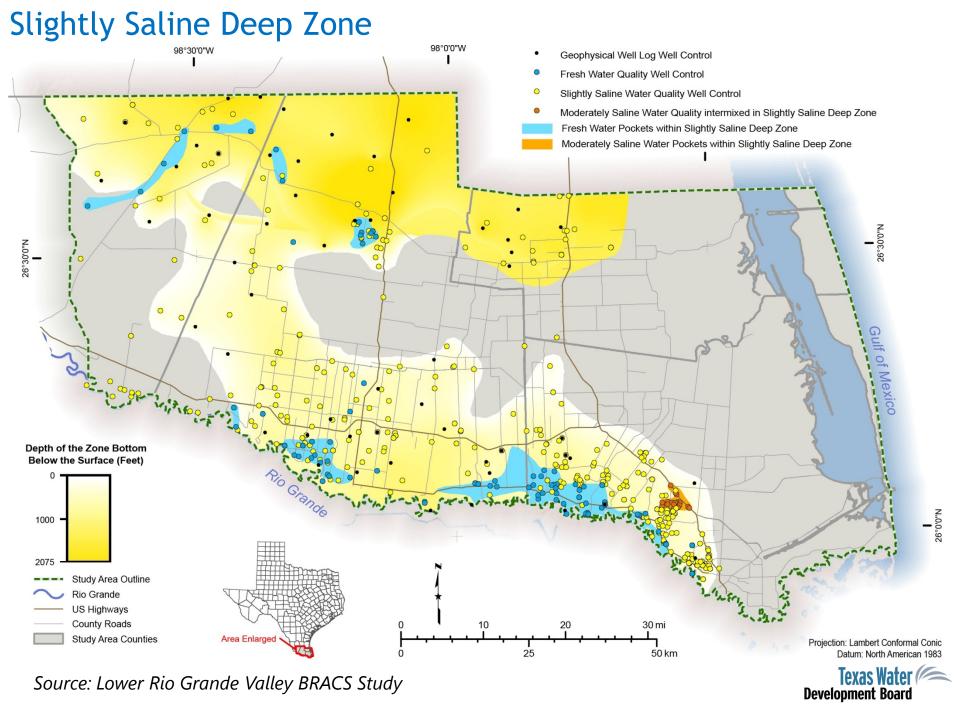


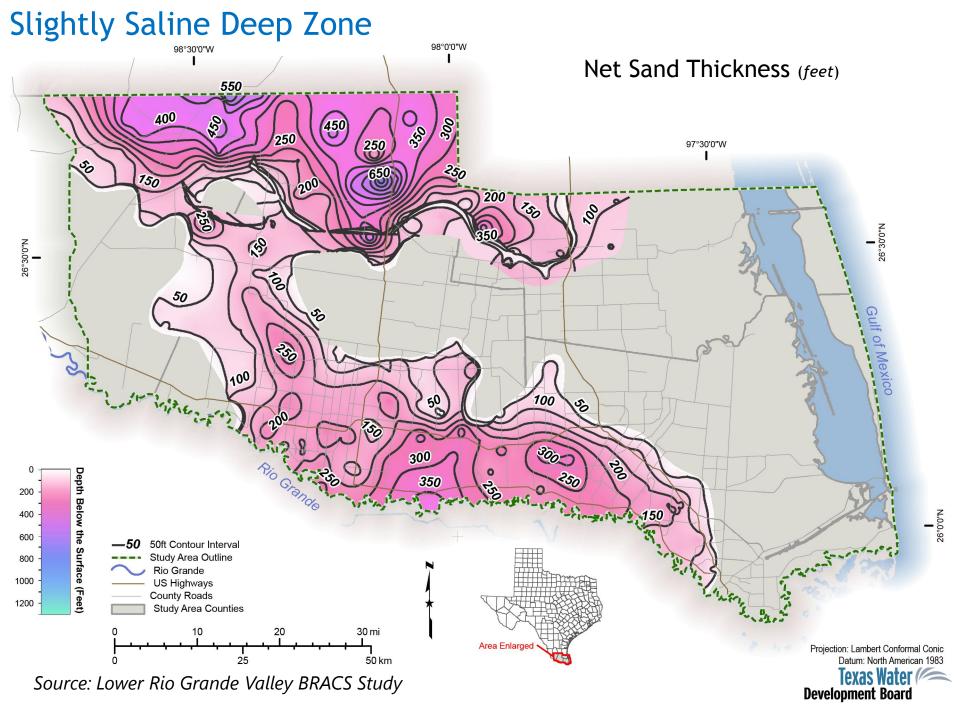


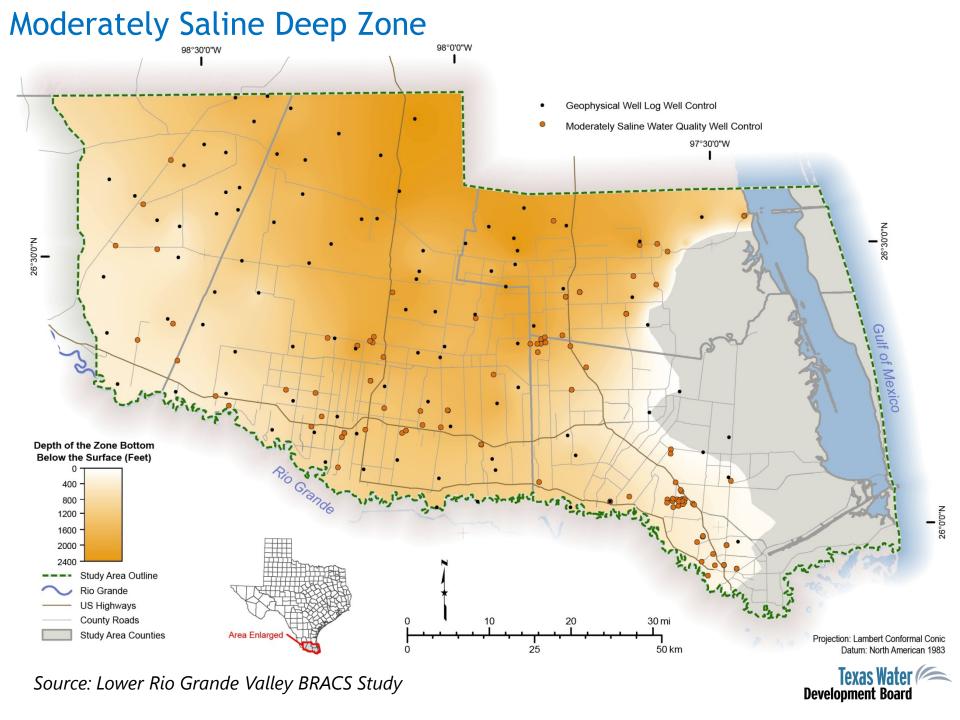
0	P	Q	R	S	T	U
VS Shallow 4			VS Shallow 4			
MS Intermediate			MS Intermediate	MS Shallow 3	Brine Shallow	
SS Deep	VS Shallow 4		SS Deep	VS Shallow 4	VS Intermediate	
MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	MS Deep	
VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep	VS Deep
BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep	BR Deep

Groundwater Salinity	Total Dissolved Solids
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Brine	Greater than 35,000









BRACS Database Data Dictionary

Brackish Resources Aquifer Characterization System Database Data Dictionary

Open File Report 12-02, Second Edition

September 2014

John E. Meyer, P.G.



2. Well location table: tblWell Location

The well location table contains one record per well. When a new well record is appended into the BRACS Database, the record is first added to this table, which assigns its unique identification number using an autonumber data type in the field [WELL_ID]. The table contains attributes about the well, such as owner, location, source of well information, and well depth information (Table 2-1).

Table 2-1. Table tblWell_Location field names, data type and size, and lookup table references.

Field Name	Data Type	Size	Lookup Table
WELL ID	Long Integer	4	
SOURCE WELL DATA	Text	250	tblLkSourceWellData
STATE NAME	Text	50	tblLkState
COUNTY NAME	Text	13	tblLkCounty
DEPTH TOTAL	Long Integer	2	
DEPTH_WELL	Long Integer	2	ie.
ELEVATION BOTTOM WELL	Long Integer	2	-2
ELEVATION BOTTOM HOLE	Long Integer	2	
DRILL DATE	Text	10	
KELLY BUSHING HEIGHT	Integer	2	*
OWNER	Text	100	
WELL TYPE	Text	50	tblLkWellType
LATDD	Double	8	
LONGDD	Double	8	275 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0
HORIZONTAL DATUM	Text	2	tblLkHorizontalDatum
LOCATION METHOD	Text	10	tblLkLocationMethod
LOCATION DATE	Date/Time	8	
AGENCY	Text	5	tblLkAgency
GRID 25MIN	Text	15	3-1-1-1
ELEVATION	Long Integer	4	of the first state of the state
VERTICAL DATUM	Text	2	tblLkVerticalDatum
ELEVATION METHOD	Text	1	tblLkElevationMethod
ELEVATION AGENCY	Text	5	tblLkAgency
ELEVATION DATE	Date/Time	8	V
REMARKS	Text	250	
INITIALS	Text	3	tblLkIntial
ADDRESS	Text	100	
CITY	Text	50	-9
SITE DIRECTIONS	Text	255	

Field Descriptions

WELL_ID Each well record in the database is assigned a unique well ID in this table using the Microsoft® Access® autonumber data type, which is a long integer. This is the key field in the table and serves as the primary key field linking every BRACS Database table.

SOURCE_WELL_DATA Each well record is assigned the source of the well information. In some cases multiple sources exist; in this case, the source of the geophysical well log or water well driller report takes precedence. These field values are listed in the lookup table

tblLkSourceWellData (Table 2-2). This lookup table also contains a description of the data source, a web address if applicable, and a published report reference if applicable. The table will continue to grow with time as new sources of information are acquired, and Table 2-2 contains only a partial list of these values.

Table 2-2. Lookup table tblLkSourceWellData. A partial list of these values is presented in this table.

SOURCE WELL DATA	AGENCY
BAER Yegua Jackson Study	Baer Engineering and Environmental Consulting, Inc., with Intera, Inc.
BEG Paper/Digital Geophysical Logs	Bureau of Economic Geology, University of Texas at Austin
DBSA Capitan Reef Study	Daniel B. Stephens Assoc. et al
DBSA Llano Aquifers Study	Daniel B. Stephens Assoc. et al
GLO Paper/Digital Geophysical Logs	General Land Office
Intera Gulf Coast Aquifer Study	Intera, Inc.
Intera Rustler Aquifer Study	Intera, Inc.
NM EMNRD Geophysical Logs	New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department
NM OSE Aquifer Test Information	New Mexico Office of State Engineers
NM OSE Digital Water Well Reports	New Mexico Office of State Engineers
NM OSE Paper Water Well Reports	New Mexico Office of State Engineers
RRC Digital Geophysical Logs	Railroad Commission of Texas
SL Digital Geophysical Logs	Subsurface Library
TCEQ PWS Water Wells	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
TCEQ SC Q Paper/Digital Geophysical Logs	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
TCEQ Water Well Images	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
TDLR Digital Water Well Reports	Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation
TDLR Paper Water Well Reports	Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation
TWDB Aquifer Test Information	Texas Water Development Board
TWDB Geophysical Logs	Texas Water Development Board
TWDB Groundwater Database	Texas Water Development Board
TWDB Published Reports	Texas Water Development Board (and all predecessor agency names)
ULUTS Digital Geophysical Logs	University Lands, University of Texas System
USGS Brazos River Alluvium Study	U.S. Geological Survey
USGS Edwards-Trinity (Plateau) Study, Pecos Co.	U.S. Geological Survey
USGS Geophysical Logs	U.S. Geological Survey

STATE_NAME The state name based on the well location. This lookup table contains state and codes for Texas and adjacent states. These field values are listed in the lookup table tblLkState.

COUNTY_NAME The county name based on the well location. This lookup table contains state and county names for Texas and adjacent states. These field values are listed in the lookup table toll.k.County.

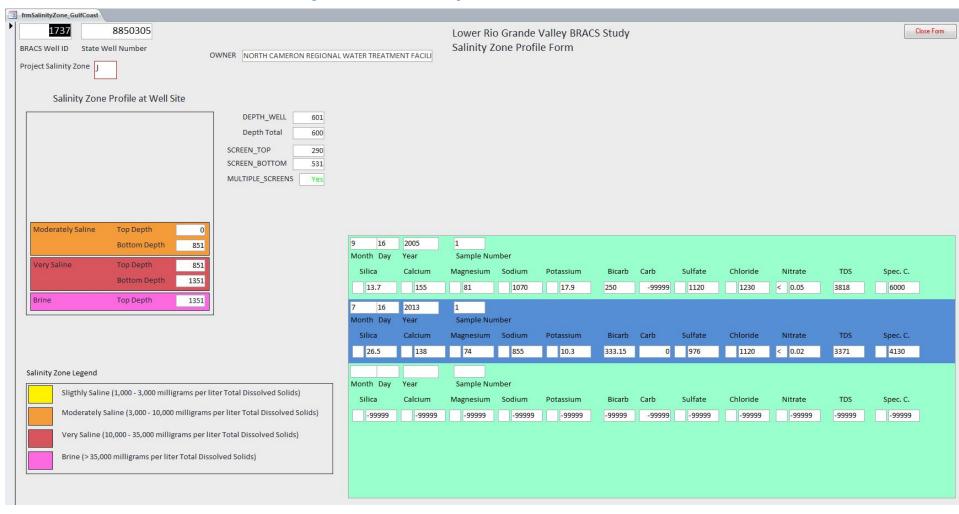
DEPTH_TOTAL The total depth of the hole in units of feet below ground surface. This is reported on the water well driller report or header page on a geophysical well log. A value of -99999 is used if the value is not known.

4



Source: BRACS program

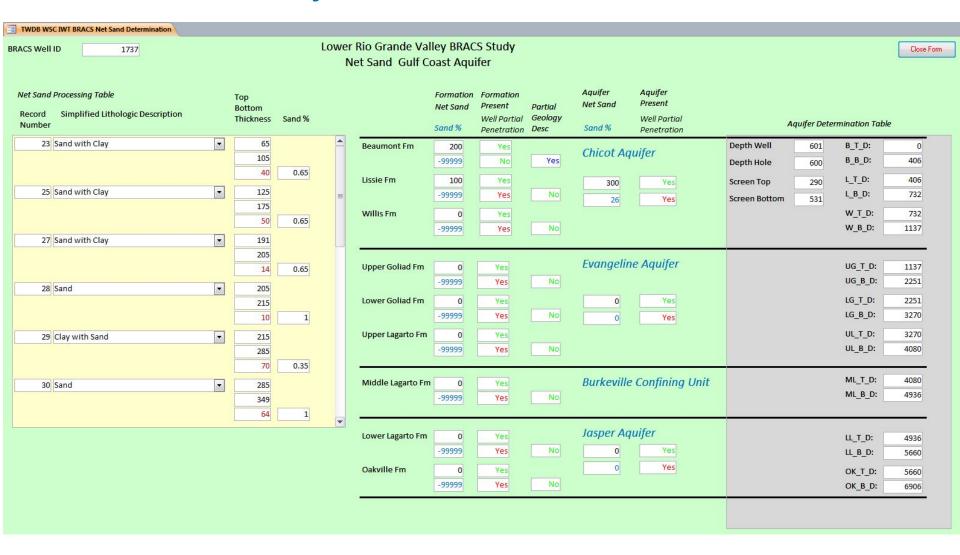
BRACS Database: Project salinity zone table





Source: BRACS program

BRACS Database: Project net sand determination tables





Source: BRACS program

Summary

- Substantial brackish groundwater for development
- Study can support the location of favorable exploration sites
- Well field drilling and testing is required to provide site-specific details that this study cannot provide
- BRACS study deliverables available on TWDB website
- Future efforts:

TWDB will contract a Lower Rio Grande Valley groundwater salinity model

Collect new well data as brackish groundwater is developed





www.twdb.texas.gov

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